-	DUE					
	evel 1: 1-D Motion Problems					
Things to remember for success on this assignment:						
	• Anything in the downward direction you need to make (v, Δy , a, etc)					
	If a number comes out negative in a calculation that tells you that the object is or					
The acceleration due to gravity near the Earth's surface is						
 If you throw an object up, what is the speed at the top of its flight? 						
• If you throw something straight up and it is in the air for a total of 8 sec, how long did it take to go						
	just up?					
	If you drop an object, what 2 variables do you know automatically?and					
	HINT: Convert the speed to m/sec! G: U: E:					
	b. How far (in meters) would you have traveled in that time? (47 m)					
	U:					
	E:					
2.	You decide to drop something off your roof. If it takes 2.50 sec for it to hit the ground, what is the final velocity ? (Hint: It is falling downward, so your velocity will be negative. The acceleration due to gravity is also negative.) (-24.5 m/s)					
	G:					

U:

E:

b. How far (Δy) will it have fallen during that time? Solve this using <u>two different</u> equations. Make sure you get the same answer for each. (-30.6 *m*, It is negative because it is falling downward.)

U:

Equation 1:

Equation 2:

Na	ime	Hour	
		DUE	
3.	You are traveling at 55 mph and slam on your rate of deceleration? (Deceleration	our brakes. If it takes you 46.5 m to come to a stop, v s just a negative acceleration) (-6.5 m/s²)	what is

4. Answer the following questions using the velocity vs. time graph below:



a. Calculate the slope of the line for segment #1_____

b. What is the car doing during segment #1?_____

c. Calculate the slope of the line for segment #2_____

d. What is the car doing during segment #2?

e. Calculate the AREA under the graph. Show your work! (Make 1 triangle and 1 rectangle!)

f.	What are the units of the area under the graph? Be careful!	
g.	What does the area under the graph measure?	

- h. For segment #1 find the numbers from the graph: $v_i =$ _____ $v_f =$ _____ $\Delta t =$ _____
- i. Calculate the acceleration of segment #1 using $a = vf-vi/\Delta t$ (It should be the same as b)
- j. Use the $\Delta x = v_i \Delta t + 1/2 \alpha \Delta t^2$ equation to measure the distance traveled during segment #1 by plugging in numbers from the graph for your variables.